# MONTCALM COMMUNITY COLLEGE



# FACILITIES ASSESSMENT AND DEFERRED MAINTENANCE CAPITAL PLANNING REPORT 2022 UPDATE



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### Purpose of the Study

This Facilities Assessment and Deferred Maintenance Capital Planning Study, originally developed through a combination of personnel interviews, facility walk-throughs and building system analysis, was performed to accomplish the following objectives:

- Provide an inventory of the College's facilities in a database format to be easily updated and maintained by Montcalm Community College personnel and allow for quick access to facilities information.
- Determine the general condition of the facilities owned by Montcalm Community College and provide the data in a concise format, allowing quick determination of the current replacement value and condition of each facility.
- Determine a Facilities Condition Index (FCI) for each assessed building and an aggregate FCI for all facilities at MCC. The FCI is a benchmark index that rates the condition of existing College buildings and is used by facilities managers nationwide to quantify and prioritize deferred maintenance projects for capital planning purposes.
- Assist Montcalm Community College in meeting its Mission Statement, Strategic Goals and Institutional Vision through timely maintenance of the physical backbone of the College – the buildings of MCC.

"Montcalm Community College creates a learning community in which educated and trained people contribute to the economic, cultural and social well-being."

### Glossary

### **Vital Statistics**

Basic building information– building use types (classroom, library, administration), year built, building area in square feet, and number of floors.

### **Observation Highlights**

A partial list of field observations, highlighting major repair/replacement items and recently completed work. For a more complete list of field observations, see the individual building data sheets in the appendix.

### Current Replacement Value (CRV)

The CRV is the cost to construct a typical replacement building in today's dollars. The figure is based on the square footage of the current structure and the estimated current construction cost for that type of structure. Since some buildings are conglomerations of different uses (i.e.: classroom, library, administration) the CRV is based on estimated proportions of use types in each building. By the nature of the calculations and square foot construction costs, the current replacement value has a  $\pm 20\%$  margin of error and will increase annually due to inflation.

## Priority Issues/One Year Deferred Maintenance Backlog (1YR DMB)

The value of projects that have been deferred and require completion in order to safely maintain facilities and related infrastructure for their current use. The 1 Year DMB amounts shown are for items requiring immediate attention to fix critical problems. *A long-term investment strategy should also include items that require repair or replacement within 5 years, thus avoiding the increased repair costs resulting from deferred repairs (i.e. leaky roof damaging interior finishes).* 

### Facilities Condition Index (FCI)

Simply put, the FCI is the current DMB divided by the CRV. The resulting number is compared against nationally accepted standards and used to determine the condition of the building, campus or college.

The Association of Higher Education Facilities Officers (APPA) recommends that the FCI for any given building should not exceed 5% for the building to be considered in "Good" condition. The rating of "Fair" indicates that the building requires some attention to bring it up to standard, with some problems areas potentially requiring immediate attention. The rating of "Poor" indicates that the building needs urgent attention to prevent the existing problems from affecting other building systems and compounding future repair costs.

The APPA FCI Ratings, indicating the general condition of the building, are shown here along with the corresponding "traffic signals" that give a quick visual indication of the FCI rating.

### **Priority Issues/One Year DMB Excess**

This represents the amount the DMB exceeds the APPA benchmark of a building with a 5% FCI – essentially the dollar amount to be spent immediately to reduce the DMB to attain the APPA rating of "Good". In situations where a building is in better than "Good" condition (FCI<5%), the one year DMB excess is shown as zero.

For example, if a building has a CRV of \$1,000,000 and an FCI of 10%, the DMB would be \$100,000. This would leave a DMB excess of \$50,000 – the amount to be spent to reduce the FCI to within the APPA 5% benchmark

# Zero-to-Five Year Cumulative Deferred Maintenance Backlog (5YR DMB)

Similar to the One Year DMB, the Five Year DMB represents the total value of projects that will require attention within the next five years, including those that fall under the One Year DMB. This value is included to help determine the investment required over the next five years to repair and/or replace problem items

before they become critical.

The Zero-to-Five Year DMB is often more telling of a buildings' condition than the One Year DMB, since the first year number focuses primarily on life safety, code compliance and collateral damage. Most maintenance issues are not so critical as to fall into this category but often become so within 5 years.

Looking at the previous example, if the building condition survey indicated an additional \$250,000 in repairs from years 1-5, then the 0-5 Year DMB would total \$350,000 (including \$100,000 from the first year).

### Zero-to-Five Year DMB Excess

Similar to the One Year DMB Excess value, this amount represents the investment to bring the DMB in line with the APPA benchmark of 5% of the Current Replacement Value. In situations where a building is in better than "Good" condition – a bit more difficult over a five year span, the five year DMB excess is shown as zero.

This number is a good starting point for determining budgets – it allows the college to see what to spend to bring buildings into the APPA "Good" range – with the understanding that complete elimination of the Deferred Maintenance Backlog is not a likely scenario.

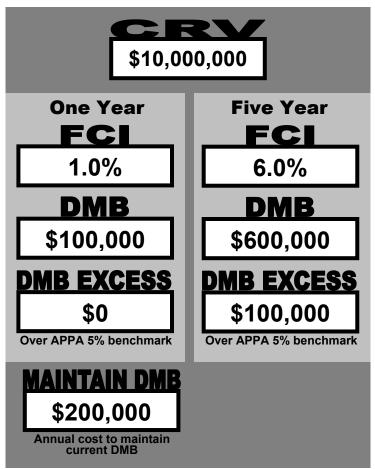
### DMB Equilibrium (Annual cost to maintain current DMB)

This is the dollar amount to be invested annually to keep the FCI (and DMB) from deteriorating – regardless of the current condition of the building.

Reusing the previous example, the amount required to maintain the FCI at current levels would be \$20,000 annually (2% of \$1,000,000).

The number is based on a nationally accepted rule of 2% of the CRV and assumes that building components have a 50-year renewal cycle and depreciate along a straight line. The assumptions were made to simplify calculations; in reality, building components DO NOT expire according to straight-line depreciation, and most components will require replacement within 30-40 years (excluding structure and foundation).

To restate – this annual investment will only maintain the existing FCI and do little or nothing to reduce any existing backlog.



Generic example of how the aforementioned data appears in this report

### **Building Use Types**

The table below shows building use types and their respective current construction costs per square foot used to develop this database. As some of these use types are not found on all campuses, not all use types are used in the database. These costs, based on regionally weighted, preliminary construction cost data developed through our educational architecture experience, and provided by contractors, historical cost databases and data from RS Means, are for typical college and university buildings.

Use Type	Cost/SF
Administration	\$270
Athletic	\$300
Auditorium	\$430
Classroom	\$275
Conference	\$310
Daycare	\$265
Kitchen/Food Service	\$315
Lab	\$385
Library	\$295
Maintenance	\$130
Natatorium	\$355
Power House	\$660
Residence	\$265
Storage	\$120
Student Union	\$305
Technology Lab	\$315
Vo/Tech	\$250

### **Building Components**

The table below shows the building components used in the report. These are the basic components having a major influence on the replacement value of a building. The buildings were evaluated during walkthroughs with the facility personnel to determine how much of each component made up the CRV. It was then determined what percentage of each component required repair or replacement within one year, five years, ten years, and beyond. This data is used to determine the investment required to reduce the current and future deferred maintenance backlog.

Category	Component Name
Structure	Structure
Envelope	Roof
	Glazing
	Cladding
Mechanical	HVAC Equipment
	Plumbing
Electrical	Primary/Secondary
	Distribution
	Lighting
	Voice/Data
Finishes	Ceilings
	Walls
	Doors
	Floors
Safety/Code	Building, Fire, ADA
Other	Site Repair, Ext. Light, etc.

### **Deferred Maintenance Backlog**

### A Brief Background

From previous facilities assessments:

The problem of deferred maintenance at colleges and universities has been studied and better understood over the last decade. From an article by Dan Hounsell, in the magazine <u>Maintenance Solutions</u>, discussing how universities are addressing the issue of deferred maintenance:

"Maintenance management professionals, who once seemed to be one of the few parties giving serious thought to the issue, now have been joined in the debate by growing numbers of sympathetic voters and far-sighted facility decision makers."

The Association of Higher Education Facilities Officers (APPA) concluded in a 1995 report titled "A Foundation to Uphold: A Preliminary Report" that the national backlog of deferred maintenance at colleges and universities exceeds \$26 billion, up 27 percent from estimates made in a similar report from 1988.

\$5.7 billion of that \$26 billion backlog is classified as "urgent deferred maintenance" – projects that require immediate attention and that will cost far more if they are not completed within a year. Although spending this sum will eliminate current urgent needs, in only a few years there will be a new roster of items to replace them – if future budget planning is not undertaken. According to the APPA report, the current backlog "represents a threat to the capability of higher education facilities to support college and university missions."

Other conclusions from the report include:

- More than 50 percent of all college types reported that deferred maintenance increased or stayed the same since 1988; only 25 percent reported decreases.
- 20 percent of the colleges in the study accounted for nearly 60 percent of the accumulated deferred maintenance.

- Public colleges typically have a greater deferred maintenance backlog than private universities, with 78 percent of the public research universities reporting an increase in deferred maintenance backlogs.
- By assuming that infrastructure deferred maintenance site repairs, road and parking lot maintenance, exterior lighting, etc. – was not included in the figures provided by the campuses in the study, the estimated cost to eliminate accumulated deferred maintenance increases to \$32.5 billion – with urgent needs increasing to \$7.1 billion.
- When senior school administrators made deferred maintenance a priority, the institution made progress in reducing its backlog.

The most important point to remember is that even if universities and colleges spend these amounts, this will only eliminate the <u>existing</u> deferred maintenance backlog. There needs to be a coordinated, funded plan put into place at colleges and universities to maintain the condition of the facilities once they have been repaired – or time will again take its toll.

### Vital Statistics:

Montcalm Community College (MCC), founded in 1965, consists of 11 major buildings and two minor storage buildings on the 240 acre main campus, and two academic buildings and one storage buildings at the Greenville Campus. The properties included in this report, constructed between 1916 and 2012, exceed 256,000 square feet with a total Current Replacement Value (CRV) estimated over \$72.5 million.

The College's 0-1 Year Facility Condition Index (FCI) is estimated at 1.48%. HVAC, plumbing and ADA accessibility upgrades, as well as routine maintenance on roofing and other items have improved conditions campus-wide. Limited areas of exterior envelope (roofs, wood trim and siding) are negatively impacting the data as they pass the end of their expected life.

A modern, web-based Energy Management System, installed in 2012, allows more control of the day-to-day operations of the heating and cooling systems. This work has significantly attributed to the improvement of already well-maintained facilities.

While the 0-1 Year Facilities Condition Index (FCI) of 1.48% is considered excellent, increases in this number can be expected as items on the 5-year repair/replacement horizon move forward into the 0-1 year, or "immediate" category. Some issues that are likely to increase the FCI include general aging of facilities, systems nearing end-of-life and roofs nearing the end of their typical life span.

The overall projected Five Year FCI of 4.47% is somewhat lower than last year, owing to improvements at the Smith Academic Building and the North Instructional Building. Also, the individual building values have in many cases improved. These ongoing issues include. However, some long-term issues remain:

• Continued deterioration of roof, windows, siding, septic and HVAC systems at the Barn Theater and Farmhouse. Barn siding and roof were addressed, but the balance of issues remain. These buildings have long exceeded their design lifespan and many finishes and exterior envelope items are overdue for replacement, especially on the farmhouse.

• Older roofs nearing expected end of life. The College does engage a roofing company for annual inspections to stay on top of these issues. A new report on roofing condition and recommendations is currently being finalized.

Attention to problems before they have become critical and good maintenance practices have helped to keep most building systems (i.e., original windows, doors and HVAC systems) in operable condition. Many roofs have been replaced in the last few years and except for a few specific items, most failing materials have been dealt with in a timely manner, preventing further deterioration. ADA issues have been addressed in many buildings.

The deferred maintenance backlog and FCI at Montcalm Community College is well below the national average of approximately 7%, representing a manageable capital investment over the next several years. Most projected expenses at MCC fall into the category of typical long-term maintenance items.

As stated in the Deferred Maintenance Backlog Background, the investment solution has two facets:

- The funds needed for immediate repair projects repairs and/or replacements that will prevent further deterioration of the buildings and infrastructure.
- The funds required to maintain and/or improve the condition of the buildings. These funds need to be budgeted in advance to allow for repair at the appropriate time before items before critical or cause additional damage.

This data, when compared to the APPA benchmark, shows that Montcalm Community College remains, after 17 years of assessments, in good condition. The next section of this report breaks this data down into a building-by-building review to clarify where attention is needed.

### Summary

Montcalm Community College has a well-maintained campus, with the condition of campus facilities remaining good for the past several years due consistent maintenance funding and practices. The difference between the "Priority Issues FCI" of 1.48% and the long-term "0-5 Year FCI" of 4.47% is not unusual for older campuses, representing a sizeable capital investment to replace aging systems and maintain conditions in their current good state.

This projected FCI increase is mostly attributable to the potential for increasing building system failures due to the advanced age of some buildings. Continuing to budget for replacement of many systems, including roofing and HVAC, will be important over the next several years to continue to avoid this projected increase in FCI.

### Recommendations: Short Term Recommendation

MCC should review the items that comprise the "Priority Issues Deferred Maintenance Backlog" of approximately \$844,635 and address those affecting life/safety issues, those having the greatest potential for future damage to other building components, and those that are code compliance issues. The majority of these priority issues are related to potential for collateral damage.

In addition to the first-year issues that will carry over into the next five years, the College should continue budgeting for the projected \$3.4 million in additional issues over the next five years and or evaluating alternative solutions where the cost outweighs the benefit of repair.

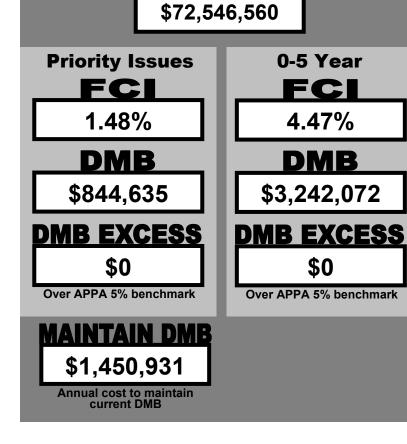
Areas of focus for the near term include:

- Roofing expected to reach end-of-life within 5 years, based on independent roof report.
- The Barn Theater and Farmhouse, both very old buildings with aging equipment and finishes.

### Long Term Recommendation

As part of maintenance funding, the College should budget as much as possible of the industry recommended "2% of CRV" maintenance fund of \$1,450,931 annually to maintain the buildings in their good condition. While this is difficult for most institutions to attain, the goal of setting aside as close to this amount annually ensures the buildings remain in stable condition, with funds available when needed.

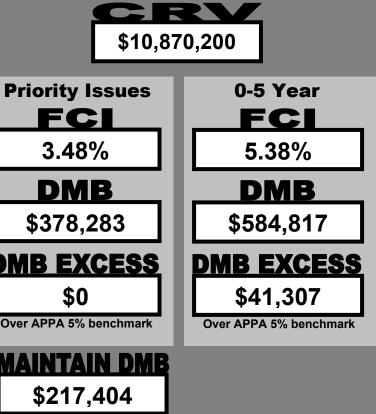




Facility:	Activities Building
Use Type(s):	Student Union, Gymnasium, Natatorium
Built:	1975
Area:	36,190 SF
Floors:	2

- 2012 Original HVAC system controls upgraded to digital as part of \$600,000 campus-wide energy management system upgrade
- 2013 Elevator system upgraded.
- 2013 Pool filtration and pump equipment, as well as some piping replaced.
- 2015 Roof report indicates membrane replacement due around 2024
- 2015 Condition of original window sealants and original door finishes should be reviewed for replacement.
- 2015 HVAC System: (2) RTUs servicing north zones replaced
- 2015 Under-deck pool supply and drain lines replaced to resolve leaking issues and deck damage.
- 2016 Electrical panels are original, obsolete and due for replacement; parts are no longer available.
- 2018 Roof replacement due in 2030 for sections 2, 5 and 6, and section 1 to be replaced in 2035. Electric panels are obsolete and recommend accelerating replacement.
- 2018 Weight training area is planned for expansion and a new HVAC system is required.
- 2018 Severe corrosion of steel ladder in water treatment room and severe corrosion of reinforced concrete floor slab and beams.
- 2018 Corridor and Café lighting replaced with LEDs, Gym walls painted, connector doors to Doser Building replaced, corridor floor replaced, and lockers replaced.
- 2019 Replaced 90% of electrical panels, replaced selected windows and doors, replaced pool medium, replaced entry heater, replaced elevator piston
- 2021 Replaced the pool chemical room and ship ladder. Repaired concrete floor and added an epoxy floor coating. Replaced lights to LED in gym.
- 2022 Installed two rooftop units; carpet replaced; lighting replaced in commons area.







**1 YEAR** 

**5 YEAR** 

Annual cost to maintain

current DMB

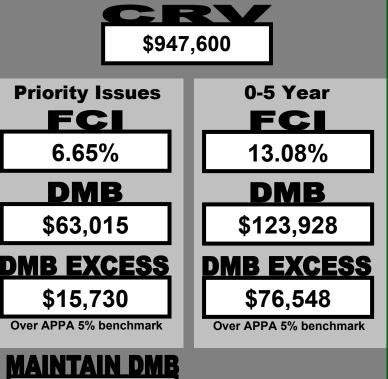
Facility:	Barn Theater
Use Type(s):	Auditorium
Built:	1916
Area:	3,932 SF
Floors:	2

# *This building was included in the 2006-2007 renovation/expansion project.*

### Observation Highlights:

- Plumbing upgraded in 1972. Septic system continues to be at capacity.
- Electrical system upgraded recently, but cannot support theater lighting loads.
- 2007 Seats and theater carpeting replaced as part of renovation.
- ADA seating locations provided. Automatic sprinkler system added.
- 2010 Exterior walks replaced.
- 2012 Lighting upgraded as part of \$190,000 campus-wide Energy
- Conservation Measures contract (ECM).
- 2013 1991 era AC units are past the end of life, operate poorly
- and due for replacement.
- 2013 The metal roof is due for repaint.
- 2015 Well water piping replaced.
- 2016 new painted wood siding and exterior doors
- 2018 Modifications may trigger structural upgrades which would be difficult to bring up to current code.
- 2018 No fire alarm exists in the building. As an assembly occupancy, this is recommended to comply with life safety codes.
- 2018 Restroom plumbing was upgraded, and Building is fully sprinkled.
- 2021 Replaced locks and air compressor.
- 2022 Water softener replaced. No reported problems.





\$18,952

Annual cost to maintain current DMB

Facility:	Cold Storage	
Use Type(s):		Storage
Built:		1967
Area:		3,880 SF
Floors:		1

- Pre-engineered building, in good condition.
- 2007 Minor metal siding damage, cosmetic only.
- 2011 No changes reported.
- 2015 No changes reported.
- 2016 no changes reported.
- 2018 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2019 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2021 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2022 No changes reported. No reported problems.



Facility:	Doser Building
Use Type(s):	Classroom, Technology Lab, Administration
Built:	1999
Area:	38,013 SF
Floors:	1

- 2008 Reheat boiler added to control building humidity.
- 2010 Roof evaluation performed. Roof membrane pulled away at parapets, repaired under warranty.
- 2012 Lighting upgraded as part of \$190,000 campus-wide Energy Conservation Measures contract (ECM).
- 2012 Original HVAC system controls upgraded to digital as part of \$600,000 campus-wide energy management system upgrade (part of ECM). 3 VAV units replaced.
- 2013 Grade at northeast corner of building very flat, may be impacting water infiltration into computer lab.
- 2014 Damaged doors on conference room replaced.
- 2015 Water infiltration reported to be resolved; HVAC frequency drives replaced.
- 2016 Roof report indicates membrane replacement due about 2022.
- 2018 Roof replacement scheduled in 2027.
- 2018 HVAC system recommended to replace existing electric components with gas-fire boiler and hot water reheat coils for savings. Recommend replace IT Data room HVAC units with (2) new AC units.
- 2018 Recommend improve summer humidity by implementing CO2 demand ventilation control and improved VAV zone control for admin offices.
- 2018 Future remodels should plan budget to replace with LEDS. South Parking lot lights replaced in 2017.
- 2018 Connector doors to Activities Building replaced.
- 2019 70 light fixtures replaced with LED. AC units replaced at Data Center.
- 2021 Improvements include the addition of new monitors and teleconferencing software in each classroom, new teaching stations, furniture replacement, and chiller repair.
- 2022 Humidity issues resolved with HVAC and building controls.



FC

2.1%

DMB

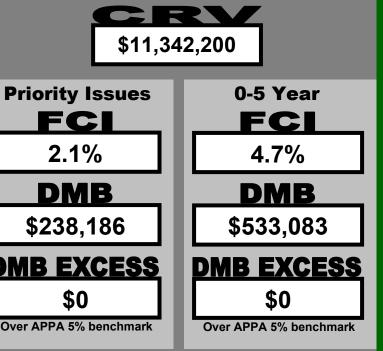
\$238,186

**\$0** 

AINTAIN DME

\$226,844

Annual cost to maintain current DMB



1 YEAR

**5 YEAR** 

DOSER BUILDING

Facility:	Farmhouse Conference Center
Use Type(s):	Conference (recorded as residential)
Built:	1916
Area:	2,550 SF
Floors:	2

- 2015 farmhouse no longer used by college, leased out
- Older tin roof in fair condition.
- Older single pane glazing in good condition. .
- Repainted and resided (60%) in 2003.
- 2007 Exterior entry door replaced. .
- 2009 exterior repainted .
- Piping in basement older all else replaced in 1995.
- Life safety/Fire protection no central alarm system.
- 2013 main entry door frame due for repair or replacement .
- 2013 exterior concrete steps due for replacement .
- 2014 furnace replaced .
- 2014 exterior steps and ramp replaced .
- 2015 entry porch rebuilt
- 2015 well water supply piping replaced
- 2016 exterior envelope continues to deteriorate .
- 2018 No changes reported. No reported problems. .
- 2019 No changes reported. No reported problems. .
- 2021 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2022 No reported problems. Currently used as residential rental.



AINTAIN DME \$10,224 Annual cost to maintain current DMB

Facility:	Kenneth J Smith Instructional Building
Use Type(s):	Classroom, Lab
Built:	1966
Area:	25,132 SF
Floors:	2

- 2015 Recently renamed from Instruction East
- Greenhouse glazing in poor condition.
- Restroom fixtures and associated exposed plumbing replaced in 1999. New sinks & faucets 2003
- 2012 Original HVAC system controls upgraded to digital as part of \$600,000 campus-wide energy management system upgrade (part of ECM).
- 2013 The greenhouse (now used for storage) is in poor condition and should be considered for major repairs or demolition. Roofing and trim are old, the exterior doors are damaged, window frames are rusting, and brick is spalling from ice and water damage. A new greenhouse has been built elsewhere on campus.
- 2016 Roof report indicates membrane replacement due around 2024
- 2016 greenhouse roof, brick and windows continue to deteriorate
- 2018 Greenhouse brick has substantial moisture damage.
- 2018 Building controls were improved in 2009 with occupancy sensors. though recommended to upgrade building controls with the standard BEMS system.
- 2018 The present classroom unit ventilators do no perform well in providing comfort & noise control. Recommend horizontal units to be replaced with improved floor mounted vertical type.
- 2018 Systems throughout the building were mostly upgraded around 2007 and there are no immediate concerns with lighting, fire alarm, or other systems.
- 2018 Carpet replacement in selected area.
- 2019 Replaced selected doors
- 2021 Construction underway for expansion/renovation of building.
- 2022 Construction concluding in 2022 including replacement of teacher stations TV monitors for instruction and wayfinding.



NAL BU

Facility:	Instruction North
Use Type(s):	Vo/Tech
Built:	1968
Area:	21,780 SF
Floors:	1

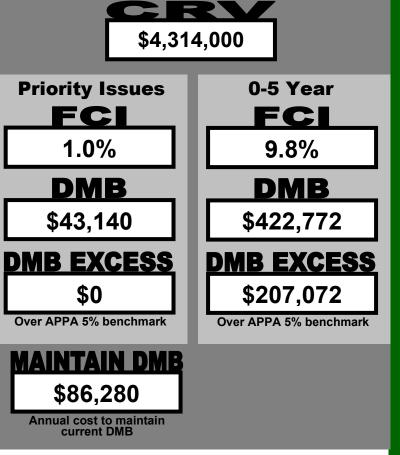
- 2007 Building underwent extensive exterior wall repair, renovations to the east half, and functional change.
- 2007 Primary electrical system original, distribution upgraded.
- 2007 West half of building converted to storage and not generally occupied. Majority of original equipment, finishes, HVAC system and lighting in the west half of building is original and is nearing end of expected life.
- 2012 Original HVAC system controls upgraded to digital as part of \$600,000 campus-wide energy management system upgrade (part of ECM).
- 2016 Roof report indicates membrane replacement due around 2019
- 2016 No other significant changes reported. West half of building retains most original systems, finishes, HVAC system and lighting, with most nearing end of expected life.
- 2018 The metal building has minimal insulation and is currently underutilized.
- 2018 Roof replacement scheduled in 2024.
- 2018 Recommend old steam radiators (at shop classrooms/storage) to be replaced with hot water.
- 2018 The transformer appears old, rusted, with a possible leak. Recommend full electrical testing on this transformer to help in determining remaining useful life and budgeting for its replacement.
- 2018 Recommend replacement of all Federal Pacific panels for life safety reasons.
- 2018 Recommend replace remaining T8, T12 and exterior wall packs with LEDs.
- 2018 Asphalt paving is in poor condition and should be replaced.
- 2019 No changes reported.
- 2021 Improvements include classroom carpeting, additional electrical service in labs, concrete floor repair, monitors and teaching stations in classrooms, and condensate pump replacement.
- 2022 Upgrades remain from Nursing program improvements.





**1 YEAR** 





**INSTRUCTION NORTH** 

Facility:	Les Morford Instructional Building
Use Type(s):	Classroom, Auditorium
Built:	1969
Area:	11,184 SF
Floors:	2

- 2012 Lighting upgraded as part of \$190,000 campus-wide Energy • Conservation Measures contract (ECM).
- 2012 Majority of HVAC system replaced as part of ECM contract (building project cost of \$200,000): New Trane heat pump/steam coil RTU's, controls, VAV units, actuators, dampers, and water pumps.
- 2013 Toilet rooms renovated to meet ADA
- 2014 Office carpet is due for replacement.
- 2014 Roof at penthouse repaired.
- 2016 Roof report indicates membrane replacement due around 2024, with continued maintenance
- 2016 Exterior entrance doors worn and in need of replacement
- 2016 Office carpet is due for replacement.
- 2018 Penthouse has corrosion of steel, cracking at block and efflorescence at brick - Recommend cleaning, sealed, painted and side bearing required.
- 2018 Roof scheduled for replacement in 2024.
- 2018 Steam heating AHUs are to be replaced with new hot water system (serves the Auditorium). Recommend HVAC system control upgrades integrated into the Campus BEMS, including security access control. District should consider new gas fired water heater.
- 2018 Recommend new roof drains and overflow drains at time of roof uparades.
- 2018 The pull stations are not at a height that complies with current ADA requirements.
- 2018 Recommend replacement with LED technology and upgraded • controls, will trigger life safety code requirements.
- 2018 Selected sidewalks replaced in 2017.
- 2019 Four entry heaters replaced.
- 2021 Replaced unit ventilators and VAV's; replaced furniture in one classroom.
- 2022 Replaced teacher stations; replaced whiteboards with TV monitors. No reported problems.



**MORFORD INSTRUCTIONAL** 

YEAR



Facility:	Burns Library and Administration Building
Use Type(s):	Library, Administration
Built:	1966
Area:	28,720 SF
Floors:	2

- 2015 Renamed from LRC / Administration Building 2007 Brick sills at screen wall louvers deteriorating, mortar loosening, , due for tuckpointing. Original stone site walls deteriorating. Water infiltration causing mortar failure and loose stones. Walls due for repair and tuckpointing.
- ADA/accessibility issues need to be addressed in first floor toilet rooms.
- 2010 Carpet discolored, worn and due for replacement.
- 2012 Lighting upgraded as part of \$190.000 campus-wide Energy Conservation Measures contract (ECM).
- 2012 Original HVAC system controls upgraded to digital as part of \$600,000 campus-wide energy management system upgrade (part of ECM).
- 2013 Exterior stone wall deterioration accelerating. Significant repair or replacement expected.

2016 – Roof report indicates membrane replacement due around 2019

- 2016 Exterior stone wall deterioration continuing.
- 2016 Surrounding site and parts of lower level flooded due to heavy rainstorm in 2016.
- 2016 Brick sills at air louvers budgeted for repair
- 2018 Roof replacement scheduled in 2024.
- 2018 Recommend CO2 controls for demand ventilation and dehumidification reheat added to the lower level AHUs. The AHU systems need to expand with controls upgrades. (Evidence of high humidity in lower level Library where ceiling tiles are sagging)
- 2018 The main electrical room seems to be lacking any emergency lighting, recommend adding for safety. Recommend switchover to LEDs in future.
- 2018 Some retaining wall repair was completed in 2017.
- 2019 New Writing Center in library. Entry heater replaced.
- 2021 New carpet and newly painted walls at upper floor; heat exchanger was replaced; power supply replaced at elevator; work at library associated with move of student success to this building.
- 2022 Minor lighting upgrades to LED.



# MINISTRATION BUILDI

### MMA

Facility:	Technology and Learning Center
	(formerly MTEC-Greenville)
Use Type(s):	Classroom, Technology Lab, Auditorium
Built:	2001
Area:	19,495 SF
Floors:	1

- 2007 Sills at east windows pitched in and allowing water to collect, causing efflorescence of block. Caulk deteriorating, due for replacement in these locations.
- 2007 One boiler retubed due to excessive corrosion. Second boiler in good condition.
- 2009 Caulking at window sills replaced.
- 2012 Exterior masonry wall cleaned and resealed
- 2012 Original HVAC system controls upgraded to digital as part of \$600,000 college-wide energy management system upgrade (part of ECM). HVAC noise issues corrected.
- 2013 Minor roof leaks at rooftop fan unit curbs repaired. •
- 2013 floor slab cut and repaired where regular cracking had occurred.
- 2015 Compressor on RTU #3 replaced .
- 2015 parking lot lighting upgraded to LED
- 2016 Minor floor cracking continues due to settlement.
- 2016 Roof report indicates membrane replacement due around 2022.
- 2018 Systems appear to be in good condition. MTEC Building is fully sprinkled.
- 2018 Some exit signs likely past life, should be replaced.
- 2019 No changes reported.
- 2021 Replaced rooftop unit; added monitors and teleconferencing software at classrooms; replaced teacher stations.
- 2022 Replace all rooftop units in the next five years.



GREENVILLE AND LEARNIN **HNOLOGLY** (MTE TER

YEAR

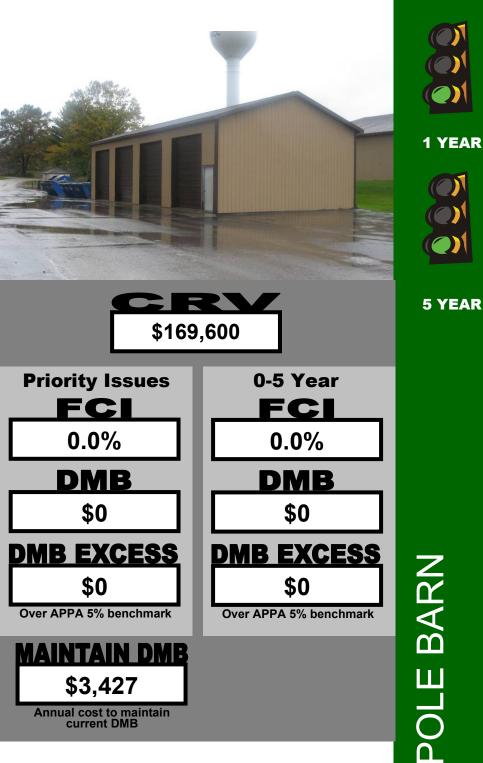
Facility:	Braman Family Center for Education
	(Greenville)
Use Type(s):	Lab, Classroom
Built:	2012
Area:	16,585 SF
Floors:	1

- 2013 Building opened in 2013. No issues reported.
- 2014 No issues reported.
- 2015 Past leaks in clerestory caused water infiltration into receiving area. Condition resolved.
- 2015 Step-up transformer added to power new CNC equipment. Distribution panel disconnects, and bus ducts added for new industrial training equipment. Total cost approx. \$60,000.
- 2015 Carpet removed for repurposing rooms for equipment.
- 2016 Carpet being damaged from change in building use.
- 2016 Projected roof membrane replacement due for 2022.
- 2016 Exhaust system added for new welding equipment.
- 2016 Floor damaged from new industrial building use.
- 2018 Shop classrooms should have the ventilation verified and add controls to help meet current demands and shut-off airflow when not occupied.
- 2018 Future planning should include a careful look at each room to ensure that the power is as flexible as possible for the anticipated use.
- 2018 Existing T8 and fluorescent should be considered for replacement with LEDs in future.
- 2018 The Braman Building is fully sprinkled.
- 2019 Welding Lab expansion and Robotics Lab expansion completed.
- 2021 Planning to add rooftop unit for welding lab in 2022.
- 2022 Two 12-ton rooftop units added for welding lab; replaced teacher stations; replaced whiteboards with TV monitors.



Facility:	Pole Barn
Use Type(s):	Storage
Built:	1998
Area:	1,800 SF
Floors:	1

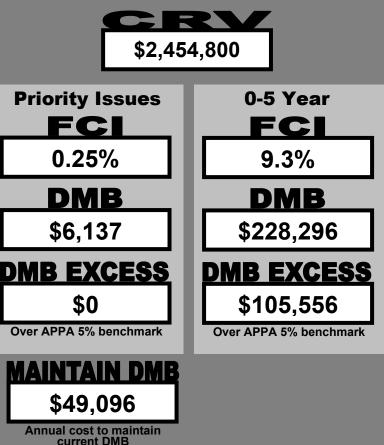
- 2007 No reported problems.
- Has gas hookup for future addition of heater.
- 2011 No changes reported.
- 2013 New weather seals installed on overhead doors.
- 2014 No changes reported.
- 2015 lighting upgraded
- 2015 exterior man-door replaced
- 2016 Roof report indicates shingle replacement due around 2022
- 2018 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2019 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2021 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2022 No changes reported. No reported problems.



Facility:	Power Plant
Use Type(s):	Power Plant
Built:	1966
Area:	3,840 SF
Floors:	1

- No life safety/fire protection.
- New electrical service to power plant lift station installed in 2004, improved reliability.
- 2009 De-aerator installed
- 2011 Boilers inspected/tested. No reported problems.
- 2011 Lighting replaced with fluorescent high-bay fixtures.
- 2012 Boiler system controls upgraded as part of ECM contract. New LonWorks DDC Energy Management System installed for campus (\$600,000).
- 2015 Boiler valves replaced, blowdown added. Boilers nearing 30 years old – college should begin budgeting for replacement.
- 2015 well pump upgraded with to improve pressure control
- 2016 Roof report indicates membrane replacement due around 2022.
- 2016 Failures in direct-buried steam and condensate return lines indicate system is at end of life. College investigating a switch from central steam to individual hot-water boilers in each building. May allow for reduced operation costs.
- 2018 Storage shed behind building has substantial settlement, cracks in block, near end of life.
- 2018 Majority of HVAC systems were rather recently replaced and are in good condition. Recommend HVAC control upgrades be integrated into Campus BEMS.
- 2018 Recommend replacing fire alarm system and adding power off buttons to be compliant. Recommend energy monitoring systems be reinstated & power usage monitored.
- 2018 Recommend adding egress lighting and exit signs (currently absent) for safety. Recommend replace remaining T8 with LEDs in future. Consider additional exterior pole locations for safety & security.
- 2019 Tubes redone on boilers. Lift station rebuilt.
- 2021 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2022 No changes reported. No reported problems.





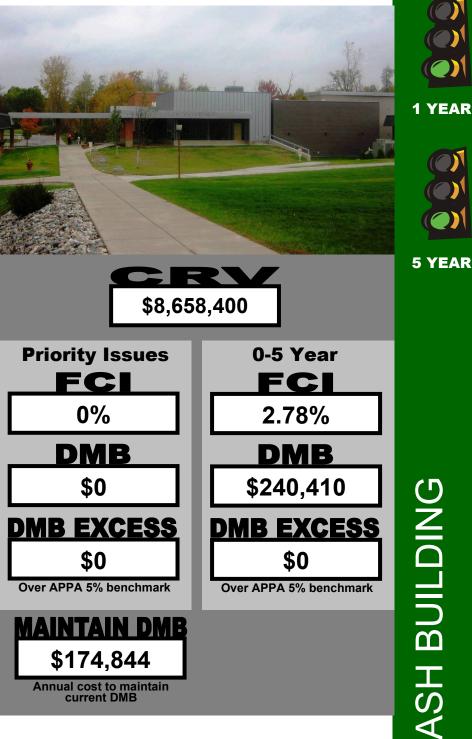
**1 YEAR** 

**5 YEAR** 

POWER PLANT

Facility:	Ash Building
Use Type(s):	Classroom, Laboratory
Built:	2007
Area:	28,800 SF
Floors:	1

- 2007 New construction, connected to Instruction East
- HVAC system interconnected to Instruction East system chillers in common loop, DDC controls on same system.
- 2009 Some minor grout cracking in floor in lower level east corridor, reported to be repaired and stabilized.
- 2010 Chillers balanced.
- 2010 Dedicated ventilation system added for spectrometer.
- 2011 Heat recovery wheel issues corrected.
- 2012 Original HVAC system controls upgraded to digital as part of \$600,000 campus-wide energy management system upgrade (part of ECM).
- 2015 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2016 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2018 Signs of moisture migration and possible flashing issue at grade level. Signs of water leakage in server room at conduit entry points.
- 2018 Roof replacement schedule in 2035.
- 2018 The Ash Building is fully sprinkled.
- 2018 Recommend horizontal units to be replaced with improved floor mounted vertical type.
- 2018 Recommend replacing existing T8, fluorescent and exterior wall packs with LEDs in future.
- 2019 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2021 Monitors and teleconferencing software added in classrooms.
- 2022 Fire alarm system upgrades; replaced teacher stations; replaced whiteboards with TV monitors.



Facility:	Maintenance Building
Use Type(s):	Storage
Built:	2007
Area:	8,000 SF
Floors:	1

- Houses facilities offices.
- 2007 New construction. Pole-barn type construction.
- 2012 energy management system upgraded to DDC LonWorks system
- 2012 Lighting upgraded as part of \$190,000 campus-wide Energy
- Conservation Measures contract (ECM).
- 2016 Roof report indicates shingle replacement due around 2030.
- 2018 Roof replacement scheduled for 2025.
- 2019 No reported changes. No reported problems.
- 2021 Light fixtures replaced with LED.
- 2022 No reported changes.



Facility:	Pole Barn (Greenville)
Built:	Storage
Built:	Date unknown
Area:	4,900 SF
Floors:	1

- Originally built as fairgrounds building. Owned by MCC and converted to storage.
- 2013 No reported problems.
- 2014 Power extended to building to support security systems and heater.
- 2014 Infrared heater installed.
- 2014 Security system and cameras installed.
- 2016 No changed reported. No reported problems.
- 2018 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2019 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2021 No changes reported. No reported problems.
- 2022 No changes reported. No reported problems.



MMA

